

8.3

201 HW

p526 4-6, 11-14, 19-21, 25, 26, 38, 39

4. Both pairs of opp. \angle s \cong , quad is \square 5. Both pairs of opp sides \cong , quad is \square 6. Diagonals bisect each other, quad is \square

11-14 see graph paper

19. $180 - 66 = 114^\circ = x$

20. $3x + x = 180$

$4x = 180$

21. $x + 10 + 2x + 20 = 180$

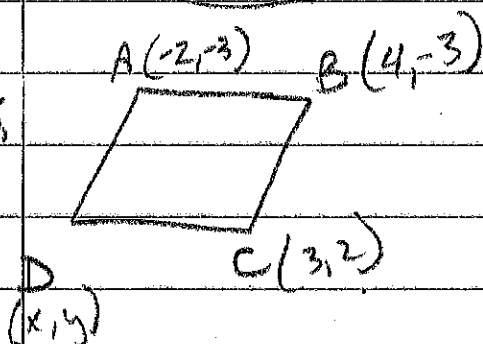
$3x + 30 = 180$

$3x = 150$

$x = 50$

$x = 45$

25.



Midpt \overline{AC} $\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$

$\frac{x+4}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

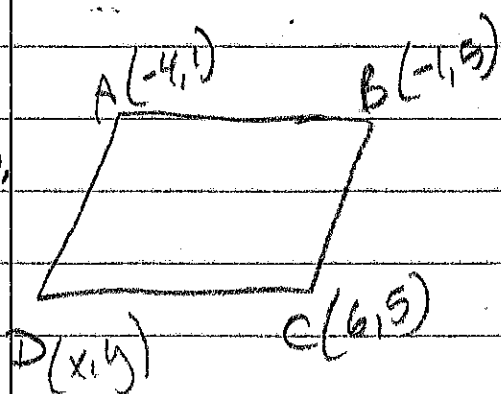
$\frac{y+3}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$

$x = -3$

$y = -2$

$\boxed{(-3, -2)}$

26.



Midpt \overline{AC} $(1, 3)$

$\frac{x+6}{2} = 1$

$\frac{y+1}{2} = 3$

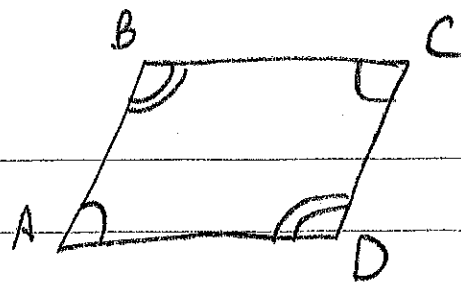
$x = -4$

$y = 5$

$\boxed{(-4, 5)}$

38. G: $\angle A \cong \angle C$ $\angle B \cong \angle D$

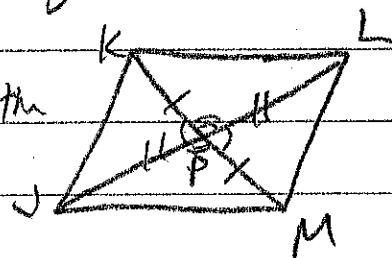
P: ABCD is a \square



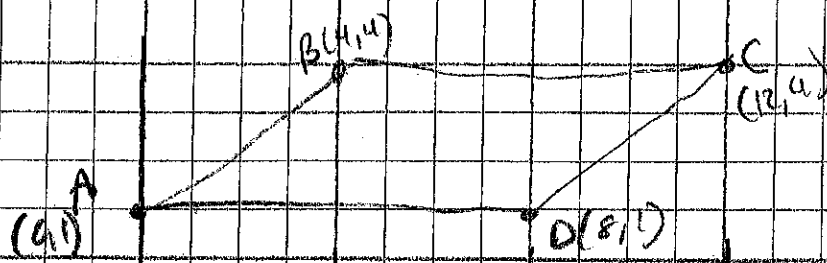
Statements	Reasons
① ~	① Given
② $m\angle A = m\angle C$ $m\angle B = m\angle D$	② def of \cong
③ $m\angle A + m\angle C + m\angle B + m\angle D = 360$	③ Polygon Int \angle s Thm
④ $m\angle A + m\angle A + m\angle B + m\angle B = 360$	④ Subst
⑤ $2m\angle A + 2m\angle B = 360$	⑤ Subst
⑥ $m\angle A + m\angle B = 180$	⑥ div
⑦ $m\angle C + m\angle B = 180$	⑦ subst
⑧ $\angle A + \angle B$ are suppl $\angle C + \angle B$ are suppl	⑧ def of suppl.
⑨ $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$ $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{AD}$	⑨ Cons. Int \angle s Conv.
⑩ ABCD is \square	⑩ def of \square

39. G: Diagonal \overline{JL} + \overline{KM} bisect each other

P: JKLM is \square



Statements	Reasons
① ~	① Given
② $\overline{KP} \cong \overline{MP}$; $\overline{JP} \cong \overline{LP}$	② def of bisect
③ $\angle KPJ \cong \angle MPL$; $\angle KPL \cong \angle MPJ$	③ Vertical \angle s are \cong
④ $\triangle KPJ \cong \triangle MPL$ $\triangle KPL \cong \triangle MPJ$	④ SAS
⑤ $\overline{KJ} \cong \overline{ML}$; $\overline{KL} \cong \overline{MJ}$	⑤ CPCTC
⑥ JKLM is \square	⑥ If Both pairs of opp sides \cong , then \square

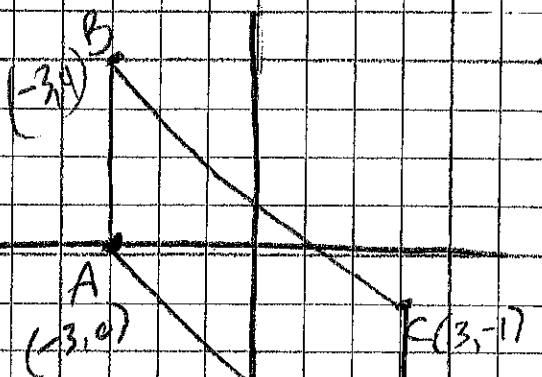


$$\overline{AC} \quad M(6, \frac{5}{2})$$

$$\overline{BD} \quad M(6, \frac{5}{2})$$

diagonals bisect each other

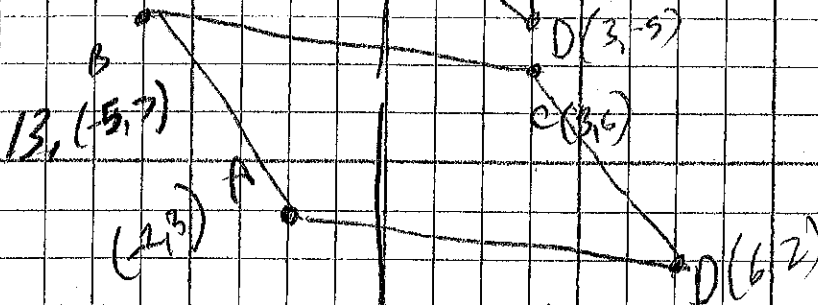
12.



$$\overline{AC} \quad M(0, -\frac{5}{2})$$

$$\overline{BD} \quad M(0, -\frac{5}{2})$$

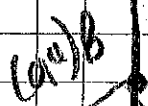
diagonals
bisect
each
other



$$\overline{AC} \quad M(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{9}{2})$$

$$\overline{BD} \quad M(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{9}{2})$$

14.



$$\overline{AC} \quad M(-1, 0)$$

$$\overline{BD} \quad M(-1, 0)$$

diag
bisect
each
other